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**PRODUCT  
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**FIELD COMPONENT MANUAL**

**Service Tool User's Guide  
OVF20  
Service Tool Manual**

Part: 4 - AA3  
No.: GBA 26800 H IV  
Vintage: 01 / 2  
Page: 1 / 31  
Date: 28-Aug-1997

# ***OVF20***

## ***Service Tool Manual***

Authorization Date D1: 12-Jun-1996  
Running on PCB: GBA 26800 H  
Software Version: GAA 30158 AAD

Document Revision :

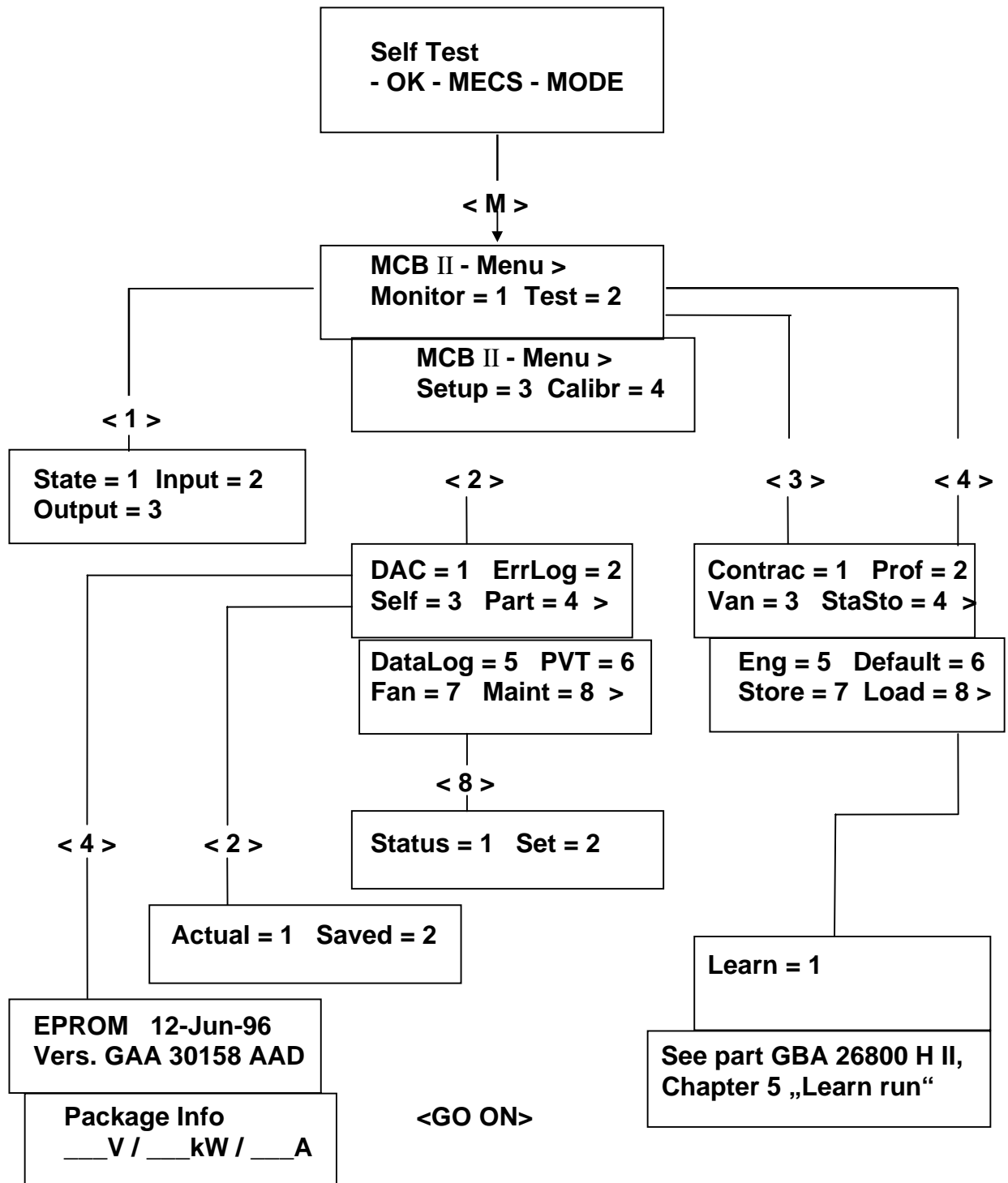
<b>Date</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Page</b>	<b>Comment</b>
16-Feb-1996	G. Priebe	1 - 28	Original Document
28-Aug-1997	G. Priebe	1, 2, 19 - 31	replace

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## 1 Service Tool Description

### 1.1 Flow chart

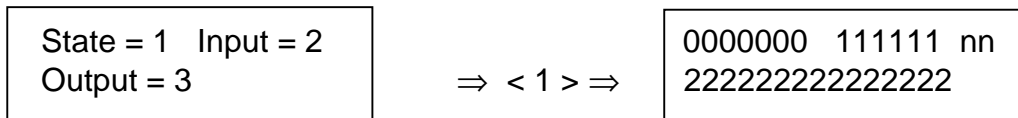


### 1.2 Service Tool Display

If there occurs an error message after pressing <M>, then see part GBA 26800 H1 I. Service Handling, point 2.

Press <Shift> <5> to clear the error and switch on the inverter again.

**Monitor = 1** This display is used to observe the system state.  
**State = 1**

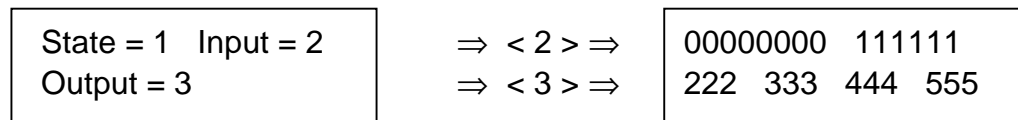


for the digits:

- 0000000 = Motion Command Mode
- 111111 = Motion Logic State
- 2222222222222222 = Actual Event Display
- nn = floor counter (only at CONTR TYPE = 4)  
At unknown position 99 is indicated. The bottom landing s always number 0.

Explanation of the short notations see point 2. *Short notations.*

**Monitor = 1**  
**Input = 2**  
**Output = 3** This display is used to know the state (high or low) of the in- or output values.



for the digits:

- 00000000 = Motion Command Mode
- 111111 = Motion Logic State
- 222 , 333 , 444 , 555 = Input / Output

Note:

*capital letters = input is active.*  
*With < GO ON > further input/output values can be recalled.*  
It is possible to fade-in current event messages on display.  
Activate this feature <Shift> <1> of <ON>.  
Deactivate it by pressing <Shift > < 0> or <OFF>.

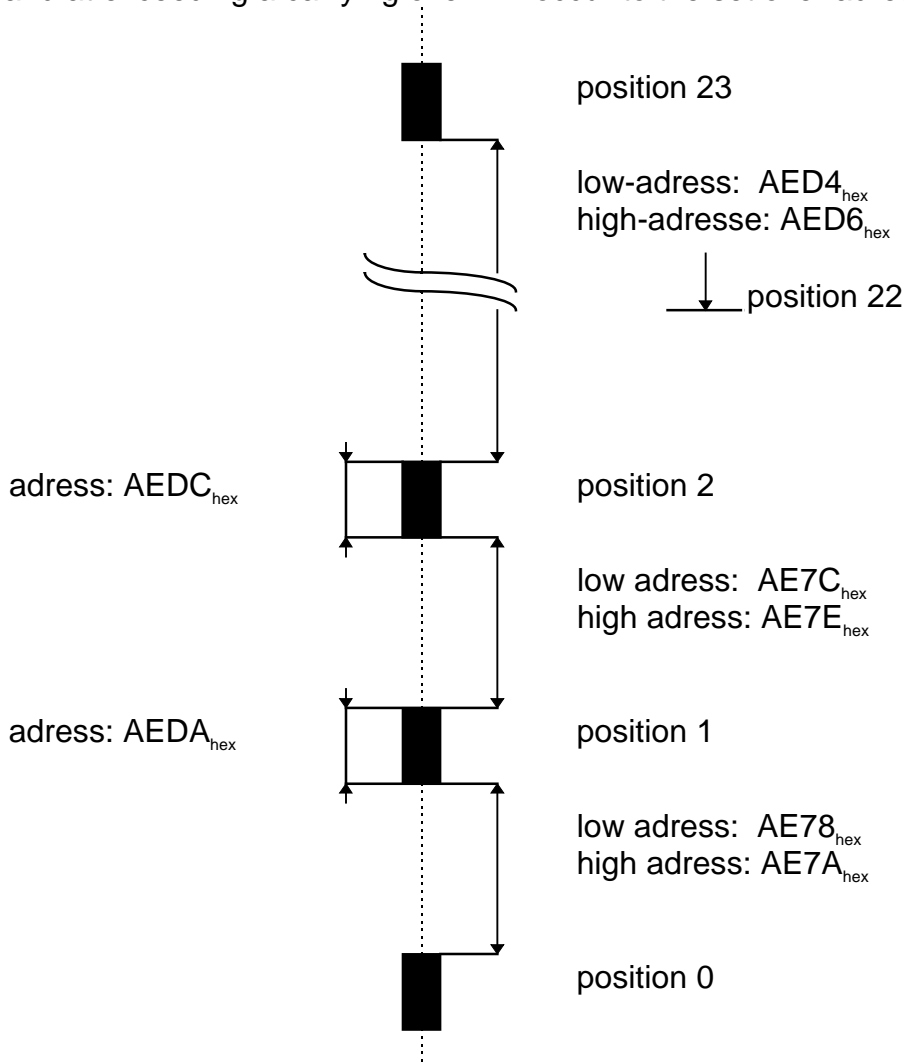
Explanation of the short notation see point 2. *Short notations.*

**Monitor = 1**  
**DATA-CPT = 4**

The result of the learn run can be controlled in DATA-CAPTURE menu (hidden menu).

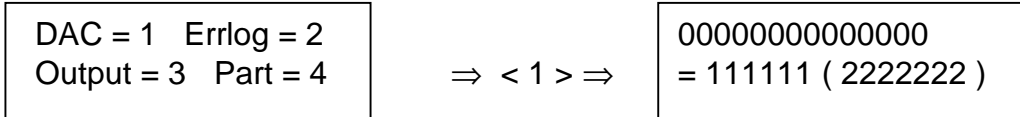
To get the individual dates, go further with 0 until 9, or A until F.

The dates which there can be read on the corresponding address show the repectively distance in „Encoder pulses“. It has to attend that the contain of the address is maximal 65535 and at exceeding a carrying over will occur to the set over address.



**Test = 2**  
**DAC = 1**

Analog output channel for the system variables.



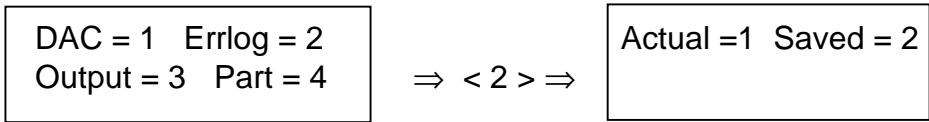
for the digits:

00000000000000 = selected variabel  
 111111 = actual value of selcted variable  
 ( 222222 ) = Unit of the actual value

Use <GO ON> and <GO BACK> to scroll to the values.

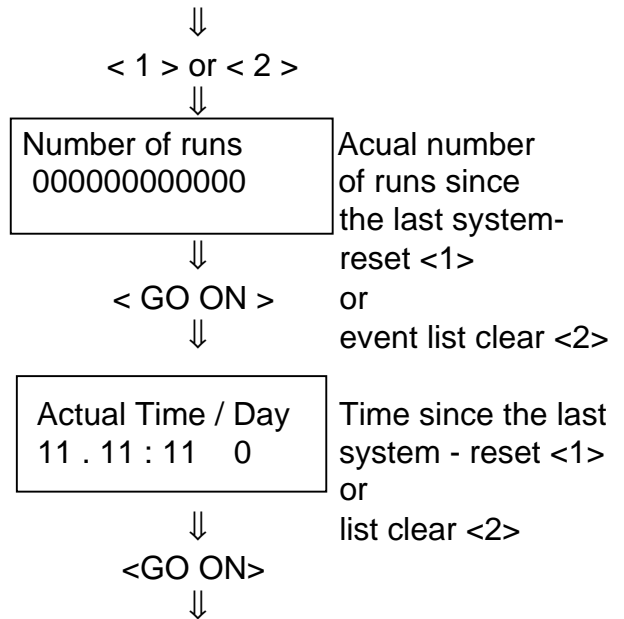
Explanation of the Short notations see point 2. *Short notations.*

**Test = 2** This display is the event logging of the motion system.  
**ErrLog = 2**



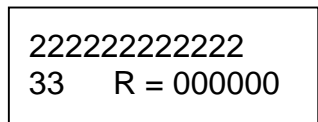
1 = This display contains the actuell events

2 = This display shows the events since the last clear of the event list, even if the inverter was switched off.  
 The actuell and saved event list can be cleared by pressing <Shift> < 5 > when reading the **saved** event list



for the digits:

22222222222222 = events name  
 33 = number of the events  
 R = Run  
 000000 = number of run when the event occured.



Explanation of the short notations see point 2. *Short notations.*

A blinking asterisk ( \* ) before the " R " in the actual event list indicates that the event is actually active.

**Test = 2**  
**ErrLog = 2**  
**Actual = 1 or Saved = 2**

The <DOWN> (<Shift> <3>) key allows to see more detailed information about an event.

< GO ON > < GO ON > =>

222222222 = event name  
 33333 = number of events  
 R = RUN  
 0000 = number of run when the event occurred  
 nn = Error code number  
*(see event list in point 2.5)*  
 cccccc = error class  
 mmmm = motion logic state  
 ttt = time in 10 ms in the motion logic state when the event occurred  
 S = xxx S speed value  
*(only for event # 72, 74)*  
 C speed error code  
*(only event # 70)*  
 I current value  
*(only event # 25, 27)*

```

  222222222
  33333R = 000000
  
```

<DOWN>      <UP>

```

  nn cccccc
  ttt mmmm S = xxx
  
```

<DOWN>      <UP>

```

  222222222
  33333R = 000000
  
```

<DOWN>      <UP>

```

  nn cccccc
  ttt mmmm S = xxx
  
```

<DOWN>

The last occurrence of an event is displayed

Detailed information for the error  
DRV: SHUT DOWN  
The reason of the SHUT DOWN is shown here

The next to last occurrence of the event is displayed.

Detailed information about the error

**Test = 2**  
**Self = 3**            Executing a self test.

DAC = 1   Errlog = 2 Self = 3   Part = 4	⇒ < 3 > ⇒	0000 111111 2222
---	-----------	------------------

for the digits:

0000 = Self test of the EEPROM  
111111 = Self test of the EPROM  
2222 = Self test of the RAM  
? = Executing the self test  
+ = Self test O.K.  
- = Self test not O.K.

By pushing <GO ON> the test will be executed.

**Test = 2**  
**Part = 4**            Data about the software version.

DAC = 1   Errlog = 2 Self = 3   Part = 4	⇒ < 3 > ⇒	EPROM 11 - 222 - 33 Vers : 444444444444
---	-----------	--

for the digits:

11 = Day of generation  
222 = Month of generation  
33 = Year of generation  
444444444444 = Part number of the EPROM

By pushing <GO ON> the package information will be executed.

0000 = voltage e.g. 480V - package 1111 = Power e.g. 9kW 222 = Nominal current e.g. 25A	<table border="1"><tr><td>Package Duty 0000 1111 222</td></tr></table>	Package Duty 0000 1111 222
Package Duty 0000 1111 222		



**Test = 2**  
**Datalog = 5**      Display of max. values of the last run.

Datalog = 5   PVT = 6 Fan = 7   Maint = 8	⇒ < 5 > ⇒	0000 111111111111 2222 333333333333
--	-----------	--

for the digits:

0000                    = Name of the first parameter  
111111111111       = Value of the first parameter  
2222                    = Name of the second parameter  
333333333333       = Value of the second parameter

Using <GO ON> or <GO BACK> keys to scroll through the values.  
Short notations see point 2. *Short notations*

**Test = 2**  
**PVT = 6**              Display of max. values of the last run.

Datalog = 5   PVT = 6 Fan = 7   Maint = 8	⇒ < 6 > ⇒	Enc. Pulses    00000 Speed [ rpm ]   1111
--	-----------	--

for the digits:

00000 = Speed Encoder pulses  
1111   = Speed in rpm

**Test = 2**  
**Fan = 7**

Datalog = 5   PVT = 6 Fan = 7   Maint = 8 >	⇒ < 7 > ⇒	Fan is running Check it ! (Clear)
--	-----------	--------------------------------------

The fan should be switched on for approx. 1 minute.  
Check to see if the fan is running (is it making a noise?).  
By pressing the <Clear> button, the submenu is once again obtains.

**Test** = 2

**Maint** = 8

If there occurs a maintenance hint, see *Service Handling E- 3.3 0 2 - 4*.

**Status** = 1

Status = 1 Set = 2

⇒ < 1 > ⇒

Abs Operat Time  
hh . mm : ss dddy

Display of  
absolute  
operating time

<GO ON>

Abs No. of Runs  
0000000

0000000 =  
absolute number  
of runs

<GO ON>

hh = number of hours  
mm = number of minutes  
ss = number of seconds  
ddd = number of days  
yy = number of yaers

Cap Board in use  
Day : ddd Year : yy

displays used  
lifetime ofr  
capacitor board

<GO ON>

Fan in use  
hh : mm : ss dddy

displays used  
lifetime of the fan

<GO ON>

xxxxx : number of EEPROM  
write cycles

xxxxx

E2P Write Cycle

**Test** = 2

**Maint** = 8

If there occurs a maintenance hint, see *Service Handhandling, part GBA 26800 H1*.

**Set** = 2

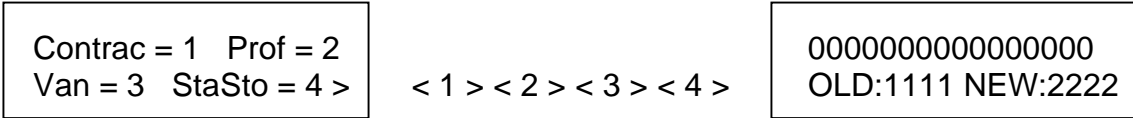
**Attention!**

*The parameter in this area are necessary for maintenance and normally must never be changed.*

*A variation of these parameters is only in case of an exchange of the capacitor board, fan or EEPROM.*

For further information, see *Service Handling, part GBA 26800 H1*.

- Setup = 3**
- Contrac = 1** Adjusting of contract specified parameters
- Prof = 2** Adjusting of all speed prioifil parameters
- Van = 3** Adjusting of hoistway signals
- StaSto = 4** Adjusting of start and stop parameters



for the digits:

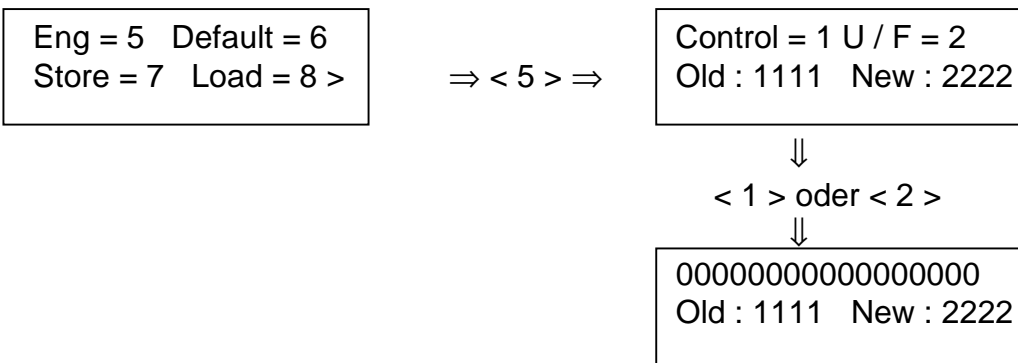
- 0000000000000000 = name of selected parameter
- 1111 = old value of the parameter
- 2222 = new value of the parameter

Using <GO ON> or <GO BACK> keys to scroll through the values.

Short notations see point 2. *Short notations.*

*The list of parameters can be find in the part GBA 26800 H1 VIII „Software“.*

- Setup = 3**
- Eng = 5** Adjusting of engineering data



for the digits:

- 0000000000000000 = name of selected parameter
- 1111 = old value of parameter
- 2222 = new value of parameter

*The list of parameters can be find in the part GBA 26800 H1 VIII „Software“.*

**Setup = 3**  
**Default = 6**Eng = 5    Default = 6  
Store = 7    Load = 8 >

⇒ &lt; 6 &gt; ⇒

PPARAMETERS LOST !  
YES : PRESS ENTER !

By pushing of Default = 6 the standard values will be set for the start up.  
If these values should be set, after pressing of Default = 6, the < ENTER > key has to be pressed. With these values the drive is ready for inspection run. For normal run the drive has to be adjusted once more.

**Attention!**

All values adjusted before will be lost.

**Setup = 3**  
**Store = 7**Eng = 5    Default = 6  
Store = 7    Load = 8 >

⇒ &lt; 7 &gt; ⇒

Store settings ?  
YES : PRESS ENTER !

The parameter adjustment is stored into the EEPROM.  
It is possible to save a „good adjustment“, the change some parameters for try, and then load the saved adjustment (see below) again without rechanging the modified parameters.  
To perform parameter saving, press the „Enter“ key. drücken.

**Setup = 3**  
**Load = 7**Eng = 5    Default = 6  
Store = 7    Load = 8 >

⇒ &lt; 8 &gt; ⇒

Load settings ?  
YES : PRESS ENTER !

The parameter adjustment is loaded from the EEPROM.  
To perform parameter loading, press the „ENTER“ key.

**Attention!**

All values adjusted before will be overwritten.

**Calibr = 4**  
**Learn = 1**

The learn run will started in this menu, see „Start up routine“ GBA 26800 H1 II.

## 2 Short notations

### 2.1 Short Notations State < M > < 1 > < 1 >

#### 2.1.1 Motion Command Modes

<b>SHTDWN</b>	A run is interrupted because of a fault. An event display (Errlog = 2 Actual = 1) always explains the reason.
<b>WT F SF</b>	Wait for Safety, the drive waits for a DIB, UIB or NOR signal
<b>NORMAL</b>	<u>MCS 220 (M)</u> With switched on UIB, DIB signal the drive waits for a command (v1 - v4). <u>MS 300 and MCS 310</u> With switched on UIB, DIB and NOR the drive waits for a command (U, D, T, .G).
<b>RUN UP</b>	Normal run up
<b>RUN DWN</b>	Norma run downwärts
<b>INS UP</b>	Inspection run up <i>Inspection run is started with UIB or DIB</i>
<b>INS DWN</b>	Inspection run down
<b>ES</b>	Emergency stop, during normal run the safety chain (UIB, DIB or NOR signal) was cut off.
<b>DDP</b>	Run time controlling will be reset by IPU / IPD or LV.

#### 2.1.2 Motion Logic State

<b>IDLE</b>	( 0 )	Waiting for a command (Inverter disabled)
<b>START</b>	( 1 )	Energize BY, and SW1, SW2 relays and premagnetization
<b>ACC</b>	( 2 )	Accelerating to NOM SPE or SHR SPE
<b>CONST</b>	( 3 )	Normal speed or reduced speed <u>MCS 220 (M) with learn run (Contr.Type = 4)</u> generates IP signals and waits for <SD> or 1LS / 2LS <u>other controller (Contr.Type = 0, 1, 2)</u> waiting for: IPU / IPD and / T or <SD> at NOM SPE SLU / SLD at SHR SPE 1LS / 2LS
<b>T DEC</b>	( 4 )	Deceleration to CRE SPE
<b>CREEP</b>	( 5 )	Creep run, waiting for LV
<b>HALT</b>	( 6 )	Deceleration to speed zero, electrical stop and DZ becomes activ

### 2.2 Short notations INPUT < M > < 1 > < 2 >

#### 2.2.1 Controller Type (0 , 1) without coded Input Interface

Input variabl	Erklärung	PIN (MCB II)
<b>NOR</b>	Normal run	P 1.2
<b>UIB</b>	Inspection button up direction, input signal for normal run	P 1.3
<b>DIB</b>	Inspection button down direction input signal for norm. run	P 1.4

<b>U</b>	Normal run up	P 4.9
<b>D</b>	Normal run down	P 4.10
<b>T</b>	Fast run	P 4.11
<b>G</b>	Slow run	P 4.12
<b>1LS</b>	1LS deceleration switch	P 4.7
<b>2LS</b>	2LS deceleration switch	P 4.8
<b>IPU / IPD</b>	Deceleration pulse (up or down)	P 4.1 and P 4.2
<b>LV</b>	Door zone (1LV und 2LV aktiv)	--
<b>1LV</b>	Door zone	P 4.3
<b>2LV</b>	Door zone	P 4.4
<b>SLU</b>	Deceleration short landing up	P 4.5
<b>SLD</b>	Deceleration short landing down	P 4.6
<b>SW</b>	Up or down signal (internal)	--
<b>DBD</b>	SW1 , SW2 and BY relay dropped	P 3.1
<b>RDY</b>	Ready signal, PWM enabled (internal hardware protection)	--

### 2.2.2 Controller Type ( 2 ) with coded Input Interface

Input variable	Explanation	Pin MCB II
<b>UIB</b>	Inspection button up direction, input signal for normal run	P 1.3
<b>DIB</b>	Inspection button down, input signal for normal run	P 1.4
<b>&lt;cc dd&gt;</b>	cc = WT <Wait> or ST <Stop> or FR <Fast Run> or RR <Reduced Run> or RL <Releveling> or SD <Slow Down> or IN <Insektion> or RS <Rescue Run>  dd = UP direction up or Dn direction down	
<b>MC V<sub>4</sub>V<sub>3</sub>V<sub>2</sub>V<sub>1</sub> &lt;cc dd&gt;</b>	V4 - V1 binary code, eg . 0000 = <wait>	P 4.9 - P 4.12 --
<b>1LS</b>	1LS deceleration switch	P 4.7
<b>2LS</b>	2LS deceleration switch	P 4.8
<b>IPU / IPD</b>	Deceleration pulse (up or down)	P4.1 and P 4.2
<b>LV</b>	Door zone (1LV and 2LV aktiv)	--
<b>1LV</b>	Door zone switch up	P 4.3
<b>2LV</b>	Door zone switch down	P 4.4
<b>SLU</b>	Deceleration short landing up	P 4.5
<b>SLD</b>	Deceleration short landing down	P 4.6

<b>SW</b>	Up or down signal on (internal)	--
<b>DBD</b>	SW1, SW2 and BY relay dropped	P 3.1
<b>RDY</b>	Ready signal, PWM enabled (internal hardware protection)	--

**2.2.3 Controller Type 4 with coded Input Interface and Learn run**

<b>Input variable</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>Pin MCB II</b>
<b>UIB</b>	Inspection button up direction, input signal for normal run	P 1.3
<b>DIB</b>	Inspection button down, input signal for normal run	P 1.4
<b>&lt;cc dd&gt;</b>	cc = WT <WAIT> or ST <STOP> or FR <FAST RUN> or RR <Reduced Run> or IN <Inspektion> or RS <Rescue Run>  dd = UP Direction up or Dn Direction down	
<b>MC V<sub>4</sub>V<sub>3</sub> V<sub>2</sub>V<sub>1</sub> &lt;cc dd&gt;</b>	V4 - V1 binary code, eg. 0000 = <wait>	P 4.9 - P 4.12 --
<b>1LS</b>	1LS deceleration switch	P 4.7
<b>2LS</b>	2LS deceleration switch	P 4.8
<b>1LV</b>	Door zone switch up	P 4.3
<b>2LV</b>	Door zone switch down	P 4.4
<b>LV</b>	Door zone (1LV and 2LV activ)	--
<b>UIS</b>	Releveling up	P 4.1
<b>DIS</b>	Releveling down	P 4.2
<b>LW1</b>	Load weighing switch 1	P 4.5
<b>LW2</b>	Load weighing switch 2	P 4.6
<b>SW</b>	Up or down signal on (internal)	--
<b>DBD</b>	SW1, SW2 and BY relay dropped	P 3.1
<b>RDY</b>	Ready signal, PWM enabled (internal hardware protection)	--

### 2.2.4 Table of Motion Commands (V1 - V4) for MCS220

V4	V3	V2	V1	MC	Explanation
0	0	0	0	<W>	WAIT, the drive waits for the next run
1	1	1	1	<ST>	STOP, current run is finished
0	0	0	1		UNVALID, not used (hardware on LCB -II)
1	1	1	0	<SD>	SLOW DOWN, stop at next floor
0	0	1	0	<OP UP>	not used
0	0	1	1	<OP DN>	not used
0	1	0	0	<IN UP>	INSPECTION RUN UP
0	1	0	1	<IN DN>	INSPECTION RUN DOWN
0	1	1	0	<FR UP>	FAST RUN UP, normal run
0	1	1	1	<FR DN>	FAST RUN DOWN, normal run
1	0	0	0	<RS UP>	RESCUE RUN UP
1	0	0	1	<RS DN>	RESCUE RUN DOWN
1	0	1	0	<RL UP>	RELEVELING UP
1	0	1	1	<RL DN>	RELEVELING DOWN
1	1	0	0	<RR UP>	REDUCED RUN UP
1	1	0	1	<RR DN>	REDUCED RUN DOWN

### 2.3 Short notations OUTPUT < M > < 1 > < 3 >

#### 2.3.1 Controller Type (0 , 1) without coded Output Interface

Output variable	Explanation	PIN (MCB II)
DR	Drive ready	
UP	Run direction signal up (internal)	
DN	Run direction signal down (internal)	
BY	Brake	P 3.4
DZ	Door zone and end of run signal	P 2.2
INVD	Inverter (PWM) disabled (if activ)	
LNS	Load information (LNS) for OCSS	P 2.4
SL*	Short landing	P 2.3
REL	Inverter relay, switches on/off the inverter	P 8.5
FAN	Fan relay	P 8.3

\* Controller Type = 1: Output has no funktion, SC will displayed



**2.3.2 Controller Type ( 2 ) with coded Output Interface**

Output variable	Explanation	PIN ( MCB II )
DR	Drive ready	
UP	Run direction signal up (internal)	
DN	Run direction signal down (internal)	
BY	Brake	P 3.4
RUN	Elevator is running	
INVD	Inverter (PWM) disabled (if activ)	
LNS	Load information (LNS) for OCSS	
SC	Speed control for ADO / releveling	P 2.3
REL	Inverter relay, switches on/off the inverter	P 8.5
FAN	Fan relay	P 8.3
DS 3	coded Output Interface	P 2.3
DS 2		P 2.2
DS 1		P 2.1

**2.3.3 Controller Type ( 4 ) with coded Output Interface and learn run**

Output variable	Explanation	PIN ( MCB II )
DR	Drive ready	
UP	Run direction signal up (internal)	
DN	Run direction signal down (internal)	
BY	Brake	P 3.4
RUN	Elevator is running	
INVD	Inverter (PWM) disabled (if activ)	
LNS	Load information (LNS) for OCSS	
SC	Speed control for ADO / releveling	P 2.3
IP	Deceleration signal (for LCB II)	P 2.5
REL	Inverter relay, switches on/off the inverter	P 8.5
FAN	Fan relay	P 8.3
DS 3	Coded Output Interface	P 2.3
DS 2		P 2.2
DS 1		P 2.1

**2.4 Short notations Digital / Analog Converter < M > < 2 > < 1 >**

Important variables for the control can be displayed by Service Tool (SVT).

The digital analog converter(DAC) generates an analog signal of these values which can be measured by oscilloscop between pin P6.2 and P6.9 (GND).

DAC =		-10 V	+ 10 V
<b>PROFILE GENERATR</b>	Internal required speedkeit	0%	100 %
<b>STATOR FREQUENCY</b>	Inverter frequency is the same as stator frequency of the motor		
<b>SPEED</b>	Measured speed depending on the encoder pulses		
<b>ACCELERATON</b>	Measured acceleration depending on the encoder pulses	- 100 %	
<b>SLIP</b>	Difference between inverter frequency and measured speed	- 20 %	20 %
<b>ACC PRCTR</b>	Frequency precontrol to compensate the torque of inertia		
<b>SPEED ERROR</b>	Control error = difference between required and measured speed		
<b>SPEED ERROR INT</b>	Integral of control error	- 40 %	40 %
<b>SPEED CTL OUTPUT</b>	Control output	- 20 %	20 %
<b>CURRENT</b>	Motor current on the inverter output		200 %
<b>VOLTAGE</b>	Inverter voltage is the same as stator voltage of the motor	0 %	100 %
<b>TEMP</b>	IGBT heatsink temperature	2°C	119°C
<b>DC - VOLTAGE</b>	Inverter DC link voltage	0 V	1000 V

## 2.5 Short notations Event logging < M > < 2 > < 2 > < 1 >

### 2.5.1 General

All event messages are classified in different groups or error classes. Some events are displayed for *Information* ( *i* ) only, others like *WARNINGS* ( *w* ) or *ERRORS* ( *e* ) are displayed without consequences for the operation.

*FATAL ERRORS* ( *f* ) interrupt the current run resp. cause a „shut down“. After x “Shut downs “ ( *fx* ) in series the system will blocked finally and the package will be switched off (package protection ).

The events are stored on the MCB II with the run number of the last occurrence. Power off deletes all events in the „Actual“ SVT menu (<M> <2> <2> <1>). A blinking asterisk ( \* ) indicates that the event is currently activ. In case of a power down all „Actual“ events will be copied in the “ Saved “ Area ( < M > < 2 > < 2 > < 2 > ).

If the inverter is switched off, the actual event list is cleared but saved into the saved event list.

The actual number of events and the actual number of runs is added to the saved values. The saved and actual event list can be cleared by pressing <Shift> <5> when reading the saved events.

If you want to see more information about an event, press <Down> = <Shift> <3> when reading the event message.

Additional to the error classes the events are subdivided into the following groups:

- SYS** - **SYStem** messages by MCB
- INV** - **INVerter** related events
- MC / MLS** - Events concerning **Motion Command / Moion Logic State**
- DRV** - **DRiVe** control related events
- LRN** - **LeaRN** run related events

### 2.5.2 SYS Information by MCB II about the System

0	<b>SYS : Warmstart</b>	f	Software reset without power reset
a) defective EPROM (error occurs in the actual error logging)		a) start selftest, if negativ, then change EPROM	
b) time did not sufficient to store all occurred events into the saved event logging		b) the error can be neglect if it occurs in the saved event logging	
1	<b>SYS : Shut down</b>	f	Shut down of the inverter after occurrence of an error
the error which caused the shut down will displayed with <shift> <down>			
2	<b>SYS : DDP</b>	f	Drive was in DDP
DDP time		check parameter	
3	<b>SYS : E2P missing</b>	f	EEPROM writing or reading problems
a) no EEPROM on the MCB_II		a) plug EEPROM correctly	
b) defective EEPROM		b) change EEPROM	
c) defective MCB_II		c) change MCB_II	
4	<b>SYS : E2P written</b>	i	Changed parameters in EEPROM after switching on
information only			
5	<b>SYS : E2P Default</b>	i	All parameters are set to their default values.
a) Inverter is blocked up		a) cause of blockage can find out in the error logging	
b) the unit has bad riding comfort		b) the elevator has to be adjusted again	
6	<b>SYS : Unvalid Para</b>	w	Any parameter in the EEPROM is out of range.
		note all parameters, set DEFAULT parameters, set all parameters as noted	
7	<b>SYS : Inputs lost</b>	f	Inputs can not be read for longer then 30 ms
a) signals are missing		a) check wiring	
b) defective MCB_II		b) change MCB_II	
8	<b>SYS : Pckg Tst Err</b>	e	Information for Engineering
		if error occur, call PIC (OEC Berlin)	
9	<b>SYS : Power fail</b>	f	main power supply low (e.g. one phase lost)
a) voltage loss (net)		a) check conductor L1 till L3	
b) short voltage drop or voltage variation		b) clarification with the customer	
10	<b>SYS : &lt; 24V Supply</b>	f2	24V power supply is missing (comes from PDB)
a) external short circuit in the 24VAC power supply		a) remove all plugs, out of P1, then switch on the inverter and check if an error	

		message will indicate, if not then the wiring is faulty	
b) defective MCB_II		b) change MCB_II	
c) defective PDB		c) change PDB	
11	<b>SYS : &lt; 15V Supply</b>	f2	15V power supply is missing (comes from PDB)
see error 10			
12	<b>SYS : Inv-Relay</b>	f1	Inverter relay dropped, will logged at switch off of the inverter each time
information only			
13	<b>SYS : Int 0-Flow</b>	w	Internal data overflow
numerical overflow in the speed control caused by noisy encoder signals		check encoder, encoder cable (screen and laying) and MCB_II	
14	<b>SYS : Calc Time</b>	w	Information for Engineering
information only			
15	<b>SYS : 1LS + 2LS</b>	e	1LS and 2LS are working synchronous
a) faulty wiring		a) check wiring	
b) defective sensor		b) change sensor	
c) voltage supply of LS sensors is missing		c) check voltage supply	
d) defective MCB_II		d) change MCB_II	
16	<b>SYS : ADC Offset</b>	e	Zero reference for A/D converter invalid.
a) defective MCB_II		a) change MCB_II	
b) defective inverter		b) change inverter	
17	<b>SYS : HSO Buf Ful</b>	e	Information for Engineering
information only			
18	not used		
19	not used		
20	not used		

### 2.5.3 INV Information about the Inverter

21	<b>INV : &gt; Volt DC</b>	f2	Over voltage in the DC link
a) wrong or defective brake resistor (DBR)		a) measure DBR and change it perhaps	
b) faulty wiring to the DBR		b) check wiring	
c) defective inverter		c) change inverter	
22	<b>INV : &gt; Heat Packg</b>	f	Excess temperatur heatsink IGBT , fault message occurs 5°C before shut down
a) defektive fan		a) test fan, change it perhaps	
b) defective temperature sensor		b) change inverter	
23	<b>INV : &lt; Volt DC</b>	f2	Low voltage in the DC link , possible by lost of line voltage ( <350 V bei 480 V Paket)
a) lost of line voltage		a) check wiring of line voltage supply	
b) line voltage is too low		b) check line voltage	
24	not used	e	
25	<b>INV : &gt; Curr IGBT</b>	f4	Short circuit in transistor modules.
a) short circuit in the motor cable or earth		a) check motor cable	

	leakage b) defective inverter (error occurs permanent)		b) change inverter
26	not used	e	
27	<b>INV : &gt; Curr Motor</b>	f4	Motor current exceeds 240% of the inverter current. If this occurs after the start of each run, check the windings of motor before changing the inverter.
	a) power of inverter is too low b) short circuit in the motor or earth leakage c) faulty encoder signals (the errors „Speed Msmt“ and „Int O Flow“ occur simultan)		a) check inverter power b) check motor and motor cable c) check encoder, encoder cable (screen and laying) or MCB_II
28	<b>INV : Temp meas</b>	e	Temperature measurement does not work correctly (heat sink) danger of overheating for MCB II or inverter
	a) defective Temp. sensor (error occur permanent) b) ambient temperature is very low (< 5°C)		a) change inverter
29	<b>INV : brake chopp</b>	f4	Brake resistor has a short circuit or is not connected
	see event 21		
30	<b>INV : UDC ELGA</b>	e	ELGA - measurement of periods does not work, it will switched over on analog UDC - measurement.
	a) defective MCB_II b) defective PDB		a) change MCB_II (if bad ride comfort only) b) change inverter
31	<b>INV :Err undefnd</b>	e	undefined error
	a) defective MCB_II b) defective PDB		a) change MCB_II b) change inverter
32	not used	e	
33	not used	e	
34	not used	e	
35	not used	e	
36	not used	e	

### 2.5.4 MC Information about Motion Commands

37	<b>MC: EMERGENCY ST</b>	f	If during normal run the safety chain is switched off, an emergency stop will be activated.
	safety chain was disconnected		check wiring and contacts of safety chain
38	<b>MC: Command Lst</b>	f5	Communication error MCB II ↔ LCB II, check V1- till V4- wiring, before changing of MCB or LCB .
	a) faulty V1 till V4 or DS1 till DS3 wiring b) defective MCB_II or LCB_II		a) check wiring b) change MCB or LCB
39	<b>MC: FR w/o Learn</b>	e	Normalrun is practice without previous successfully learn run, MCB II gets no hoistway signals
			learn run has to be carry out
40	<b>MC: WT F SWITCH</b>	w	SW 1, SW 2 do not work correctly although the SW signal is activated.

a) faulty wiring of SW1 or SW2 b) defective MCB_II		a) check wiring b) change MCB_II	
41	<b>MC: MC + Safety Ch</b>	f	An emergency stop will be activated if during normal run the safety chain is switched off.
a) run command and corresponding input signal are not in conformity b) change of input signal was too fast at inspection mode		a) check V1 till V4 wiring	
42	<b>MC: U / D lost</b>	f	Up or down signal lost during a run
faulty wiring between LCB_II and MCB_II (V1 till V4)		check wiring	
43	<b>MC: SafetyChain</b>	f	Invalid combination of NOR , UIB and DIB
a) faulty wiring of safety chain b) defective MCB_II		a) check wiring b) change MCB_II	
44	<b>MC: Chk SW Sig</b>	f	Invalid state of SW - signal, SW-signal indicates switching state of main contactors
defective MCB_II		change MCB_II	
45	<b>MC: Chk DBD Sig</b>	f	Invalid state of DBD - signal ( 1 = Stop , 0 = run ), check wiring (and contacts of SW1, SW2, BY), before changing of MCB II
a) faulty wiring of SW1, SW2 or BY b) defective MCB_II		a) check wiring b) change MCB_II	
46	<b>MC: Chk RDY Sig</b>	f	Failure on the MCB II Ready logic ( Ready signal will not give out)
defective MCB_II		change MCB_II	
47	not used	e	
48	not used	e	
49	not used	e	
50	not used	e	

### 2.5.5 MLS Information about the signal flow

51	<b>MLS : &lt; ACC Dist</b>	w	The distance for the acceleration is too short. The car does not reach the normal run speed at floor to floor run (at units without learn run only). (At correction run the error has to ignore.)
a) acceleration rate too low b) final speed too high		a) increase acceleration b) reduce the parameter NOM SPE or SHR SPE	
52	<b>MLS : &lt; Dec Dist</b>	w	The distance for the deceleration is too short. The car stops without creep speed. It is also possible that the MCB II has miscount.
a) IPU/IPD delays are too big or the distance of deceleration is too short (IP- distance) b) final speed is too high (at units without		a) decrease IPU/IPD delay or increase deceleration distance b) reduce NOM SPE or SHR SPE	

	learn run) c) the LV1/LV2 signals were read delayed during a run, i.e. the actual floor distance is not corresponding with learned floor distance d) it is possible that the MCB_II has miscount		c) check floor distance and start learn run again
53	<b>MLS : Stop in LS</b>	w	Limit switch 1LS / 2LS versus run direction.
	a) faulty 1/2LS wiring b) if possible run the car beyond the 1/2LS and back at ERO operation		a) check wiring b) lengthening of LS- magnet
54	<b>MLS : / T &lt;&gt;IP</b>	w	Command T has been removed without IPU / IPD detection. IPU / IPD - Magnets must be activ longer then 150 ms.
	T-signal was removed although the IP-signal was not active (IP-signal is too short)		check IP- magnet
55	<b>MLS : Inp Error</b>	e	Car does not start, limit switch 1LS / 2LS versus run direction.
	faulty 1/2LS wiring		check wiring
56	<b>MLS : 1LS Ini Dec</b>	w	Deceleration in the bottom landing initiated by 1LS.
	deceleration (IP) distance too short (if no correction or learn run)		increase parameter 1LS DLY
57	<b>MLS : 2LS Ini Dec</b>	w	Deceleration in the top landing initiated by 2LS. In case of on cerrection run increase parameter 2LS
	see error 56		increase parameter 2LS DLY
58	<b>MLS : Event Miss</b>	w	Problems with reading of IPU / IPD inputs or 1LV / 2LV inputs.
	defective MCB_II		if this occurs repeated → change MCB_II
59	<b>MLS :SL Missed</b>	f8	SLU / SLD missed between two LV on a short run (only at units without learn run)
	a) faulty SLU/SLD wiring b) defective sensors c) defective MCB_II		a) check wiring b) check sensors c) change MCB_II
60	<b>MLS : LV Missed</b>	f	LV signal was not detected during creeping. At Units with learn run a miscounting is possible.
	a) IPU/IPD- DLY too low b) only one LV signal was detected at units with 1LV and 2LV c) defective MCB_II		a) increase IPU/IPD DLY b) check sensors and wiring c) change MCB_II
61	<b>MLS : LV Lost</b>	f8	Levelling zone lost during DEC ; CREEP or HALT.
	a) IPU/IPD DLY too large b) LV DLY too large c) LV signal is not detected d) MCB_II has miscount		a) decrease IPU/IPD DLY b) decrease LV DLY c) check sensors and wiring
62	<b>MLS : LV Count Err</b>	w	MCB II has miscount (only with learn run).
	a) LV signals were not detected		a) check LV signals

b) miscounting of door zones at INS operation			
c) parameter TOP FLOOR is not correct		c) check parameter	
63	<b>MLS : LV Trig Err</b>	w	(only with learn run) LV-signals rebound longer then 20 ms
a) distance between sensor and magnet is not correctly		a) check distance between sensor and magnet	
b) defective LV sensors		b) change sensors	
c) disturbances of LV- or IP- signals		c) Use SW version GAA30158AAD02, otherwise decrease IPU/D-Delay to avoid the occurrence of this error and with it the occurrence of long creep times	
64	not used	e	
65	not used	e	
66	not used	e	
67	not used	e	
68	not used	e	

### 2.5.6 DRV Information about drive control

70	<b>DRV : Speed Msmt</b>	e	Speed measurement error. Perhaps noises are on the encoder lines. Take notice of laying of the encoder cable.
see event „SYS: Int O-Flow“			
71	<b>DRV : &gt; Speed</b>	f4	Over speed: the motor turns 10% faster as for the required speed is legal.
the parameters „N SYN MOTOR, ENCODER PULSES, ENCODER TRACES“ could set incorrectly			check parameters
72	<b>DRV : &lt; Speed</b>	f4	Low speed : the motor turns 45% slower as the required speed. <i>It can be caused by problems with encoder .</i>
a) defective encoder		a) check encoder, use SVT-Menü „PVT“ (<M> <2> <6>)	
b) the parameters „N SYN MOTOR, ENCODER PULSES and ENCODER TRACES could set incorrectly		b) check parameters	
c) defective MCB_II		c) change MCB_II	
73	<b>DRV : Open Loop</b>	e	The drive is in open loop modus. In case of no speed encoder and normal run the system shuts down. Inspection runs without speed encoder are possible.
one of the parameters „N CTR : kp“ or „ENCODER PULSES“ is 0 (zero)			check parameters



74	<b>DRV : Rollb Start</b>	e	Rollback at start (only for encoder with two traces)
Start-Stop-parameters are set incorrectly		increase LFT BK DLY and PRET FREQ , NEG PRET is able to decrease at load weighing too	
75	<b>DRV : Rollb Stop</b>	e	Rollback at stop (only for encoder with two traces)
Start-Stop-parameters are set incorrectly		check parameters for stopping	
76	<b>DRV : Encoder Dir</b>	e	the sequence of the encoder signals is reversed (only for encoder with two traces)
		Change the encoder traces at connector P5.	
77	<b>DRV : Phase Down</b>	f3	The current of one motor phase is zero.
a) the motor wiring is disconnect between inverter and motor		a) check motor wiring (also contactors).	
b) power of inverter is too high		b) check power of inverter and motor	
78	<b>DRV : Over Load</b>	f4	Motor current exceeds 200% of nominal current for more then 3 seconds.
a) acceleration rate is too high		a) decrease acceleration rate	
b) dimension of inverter is incorrectly		b) check power of inverter and motor	
c) fly wheel inertia is too big		c) reduce fly wheel	
79	not used	e	
80	not used	e	
81	not used	e	
82	not used	e	
83	not used	e	
84	not used	e	
85	not used	e	

### 2.5.7 Informationen about learn run

86	<b>LRN : Learn abort</b>	f	Learn run was aborted with an error
see Error Logging (<M> <2> <1>)			
87	<b>LRN : &lt; Mag Len</b>	f	Lenght of magnet is too short (minimum 170 mm)
faulty floor will displayed in Error Logging		use magnet with the right lenght	
88	<b>LRN : &gt; Mag Len</b>	f	Lenght of mangnet is too long (maximum 450 mm)
see event 87			
89	<b>LRN : Mag Len Var</b>	f	Magnetlenghts in the hoistway are different more then 2 cm.
faulty floor will displayed in Error Logging		use magnets with the same lenght	
90	<b>LRN : &lt; Floor Dist</b>	f	Distance between 2 door zones is too short (minimum 170 mm)
faulty floor will displayed in Error Logging.		check distance	
91	<b>LRN : &gt; Floor Dist</b>	f	The run time at contract speed between 2 landings is more then 52 seconds.
floor distance is too large		check floor distance, install intermediate landing if necessary	

92	<b>LRN : Too many LV</b>	f	It will be count more floors at learn run then adjusted by SVT (Top Floor).
parameter TOP FLOOR is incorrect		check parameter	
93	not used	e	
94	not used	e	
95	not used	e	
96	not used	e	
97	not used	e	
98	not used	e	
99	<b>SYS : Msg Lost</b>	i	Only indicates in state-display, if more events occur as can displayed.

## 2.6 Short notations DATALOG < M > < 2 > < 5 >

For each run the values are rebuilt.

They are useful to check the adjustment with empty car in up and down direction or at a final shut down after an error.

<b>tcr up</b>	Minimum and maximum creep time in up and down direction released by IPU / IPD switch since last power reset in 10 ms steps.
<b>tcr do</b>	The creep time of the last run is displayed in the middle. unit : in 10 ms steps

<b>I</b>	Four values of the current and of the according slip during last run.
<b>S</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- maximum current value during accelerationigung</li> <li>- last value during constant run</li> <li>- maximum current value of deceleration</li> <li>- last value during creep run</li> </ul> unit : % of $I_n$ (NOM CURR) unit : 0,1% of $f_n$ (NOM FREQ)
<b>PGN</b>	Profilgenerator and slip on transitions of open loop --> closed loop
<b>Slip</b>	closed loop -> open loop in % unit : 1000 = CON SPE unit : 1000 = NOM FREQ
<b>I</b>	Average current with the time of the last run and the squared average current with the time of run and brake in %,
<b>t</b>	unit : % NOM CURR unit : 10 ms

### 2.7 SETUP error handling < M > < 3 >

By setting a parameter < M > < 3 > ...  
the following error messages are possible:

1) [ Below Min D 1234 ]



D: out of fixed default range,  
S: out of variable range

(caused by " Speed " - relations)  
(for speed encoder)

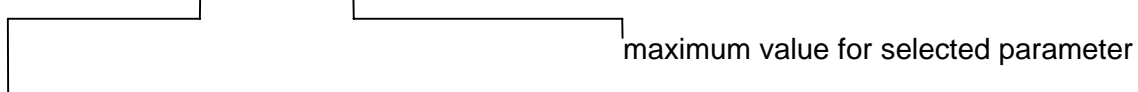
C: out of variable range

(caused by " Control " - relations)  
(for control algorithms)

R: out of variable range

(caused by " Run Car " - relations)  
(for signal operations)

2) [ Above Max D 1234 ]



D: out of fixed default range,  
S: out of variable range

(caused by „Speed “ - relations)  
(for speed encoder)

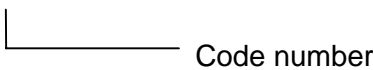
C: out of variable range

(caused by " Control " - relations)  
(for control algorithms)

R: out of variable range

(caused by " Run Car " - relations)  
(for signal operations)

3) [ Imp / Time Over R 12 ]



Overflow by calculation of number of encoder pulses or time for signal delays.  
< M > < 2 > < 3 >

Parameter	Code number	Maximum depends on
IPU DLY	R_4	NOM SPE, *1)
	R23	NOM SPE, *2)
IPD DLY	R_5	NOM SPE, *1)
	R24	NOM SPE, *2)

LV DLY UP	R_1 R21	CRE SPE , *1) CRE SPE, *2)
LV DLY DOWN	R_2 R22	CRE SPE, *1) CRE SPE, *2)
1LS DLY	R_7 R26	NOM SPE, *1) NOM SPE, *2)
2LS DLY	R_8 R25	NOM SPE, *1) NOM SPE, *2)
SLU DLY	R_9 R27	SHR SPE, *1) SHR SPE, *2)
SLD DLY	R10 R28	SHR SPE, *1) SHR SPE, *2)

\*1) and also on N SYN MOTOR, ENCODER PULSES, CONTR TYPE and N Ctr:kp  
\*2) and also on CON SPE, N SYN MOTOR, ENCODER PULSES and CONTR TYPE

4) [ Para Conflict R 12 ]  
\_\_\_\_\_ Code number

Conflict with other parameters

Code number	Explanations, Remarks
S:	caused by " Speed " - relations (for speed encoder)
S_1	Minimum for ENCODER PULSES
C:	caused by " Control " - relations (for control algorithms)
C_1	ACC PRECTR, PRET FREQ and PRET SLOP have to be in a special relation to CON SPE, NOM SPE and INS SPE
R :	caused by " Run Car " - relations (for signal operations)
R_3	Minimum of IPU DLY is related to NOM SPE
R_5	Minimum of IPD DLY is related to NOM SPE
R15	Minimum of CRE SPE is related to CON SPE
R16	Minimum of CRE SPE is related to N SYN MOTOR, ENCODER PULSES and ENCODER TRACES
R17	Minimum of CRE SPE is related to CON SPE, N SYN MOTOR, ENCODER PULSES and ENCODER TRACES
R18	REL SPE has to be zero without speed encoder
R19	Minimum of REL SPE is related to CON SPE, N SYN MOTOR, ENCODER PULSES and ENCODER TRACES

5) [ Reset to Default ]

Fatal error of EEPROM - parameters (wrong or damaged EEPROM), reset all parameters.

## 2.8 Parameters

### 2.8.1 Contract < M > < 3 > < 1 >

The adjustment of these parameters is explained in the starting up routine.

<b>NOM FREQ</b>	nominal frequency of motor, e.g. 500 or 600 in [ 0,1 Hz ]
<b>CON SPE</b>	Speed of the car at synchronous speed of the motor convert m/s into rpm and vice versa. <i>Do not confuse!</i> <i>CON SPE with NOM SPE.</i> CON SPE fixed value, which is fixed by motor and machine parameter. NOM SPE nominal speed ---> with SVT adjustable
<b>N SYN MOTOR [ rpm ]</b>	Synchronous motor speed (e.g. 1000, 1500)
<b>ENCODER PULSES</b>	Number of encoder pulses per trace
<b>ENCODER TRACES</b>	Number of traces of speed encoder
<b>2LV ( 1 = Yes / 0 = No )</b>	= 0 no 2LV = 1 for 1LV / 2LV door zone mode
<b>DDP</b>	DDP - time
<b>CONTR TYPE</b>	0 - Two speed AC, MS300, MCS310 1 - MCS 220 (M) - Controller without coded Interface 2 - MCS 220 (M) - Controller with coded Interface, without learn run 4 - MCS 220 (M) - Controller with learn run
<b>ACC PRECTR</b>	Parameter for compensation of torque inertia
<b>SLIP LOAD</b>	Slip, which activates the LNS - output and the differential part of speed control.
<b>TOP FLOOR *</b>	Number of top floor. The bottom floor is always „0“.
<b>FLOORS IN 1LS *</b>	Number of floors in the range of 1LS switch

\* 4 asterisks are displayed at CONTR TYPE ≠ 4 (without learn run)

### 2.8.2 Drive < M > < 3 > < 2 >

Adjusting of CON SPE sets the Drive - Parameter to standard values.

<b>INS SPE</b>	Speed for inspection run
<b>NOM SPE</b>	Speed for normal run
<b>SHR SPE **</b>	Speed for a short run
<b>REL SPE</b>	Speed for releveling
<b>CRE SPE</b>	Creep speed
<b>ACC</b>	Acceleration rate
<b>DEC</b>	Deceleration rate
<b>JERK</b>	Changing of acceleration/ deceleration

\*\* 4 asterisks are displayed at CONTR TYPE = 4 (with learn run)

### 2.8.3 Vane related parameter < M > < 3 > < 3 >

Are used to delay hoistway signals without mechanical adjustments.

<b>IPU DLY ***</b>	Delay for IPU / IPD - signals in mm. A minimum delay of 100 ms should be provided to consider the propagation delay of the deceleration command by the operational control, this correspond. 100 mm at v = 1 m/s.
<b>IPD DLY ***</b>	The creep time of last run is displayed in SVT display in 10 ms steps.
<b>LV DLY UP</b>	Delay between LV - signal and initiation of ramp down for final stop (RMP DWN T2) for up and down direction.
<b>LV DLY DOWN</b>	
<b>1LS DLY</b>	Delay of 1LS / 2LS - signal in mm
<b>2LS DLY</b>	
<b>SLU DLY ***</b>	Sets the deceleration control point after short landing switch detection.
<b>SLD DLY ***</b>	<i>The creep time of the last run is displayed in SVT display (right above) in 10 ms steps.</i>

\*\*\* 4 asterisks are displayed at CONTR TYPE = 4 (with learn run)

### 2.8.4 Start - Stop Parameter (StaSto) < M > < 3 > < 4 >

The sequence of operation during start and stop is explained in the Guide lines.

<b>LFT BK DLY</b>	Lift brake delay
<b>PREMAG PER</b>	Specifies the time to energize the motor before acceleration.
<b>PRET FREQ</b>	Specifies the frequency during the pre magnetization period. If load weighing is used, then this parameter is valid for motory load.
<b>NEG PRET ****</b>	Specifies the frequency during the pre magnetization period for generatory load. This parameter should only be used if load weighing contacts are connected to the package. (only at CONTR TYPE = 4)
<b>PRET SLOPE</b>	Specifies the slope of speed profil after the premagnetization until valid speed encoder signals are measured. al anliegt
<b>RMP DWN T2</b>	Ramp down period. During this time the speed profile is reduced by a constant slope from creep speed to zero. Zeit, in der nach einer Kriechfahrt die Geschwindigkeit auf Null reduziert wird.
<b>DRP BK DLY</b>	Drop brake delay. The brake should become effectiv after the drive has to stopped electricaly. An experienced value is about 100 ms less than the ramp down period.
<b>EL HLT PER</b>	Electrical halt period. Afterthe ramp down period the drive come to final stop still powered by the inverter. the brake should become effectiv during this period.
<b>DEMAG PER</b>	Demagnetization period. The inverter output is zero and the current decreased before the main contactors are dropped.

\*\*\*\* 4 asterisks are displayed at CONTR TYPE = 4 (with learn run)

## 2.8.5 Engineering Parameter (Eng) < M > < 3 > < 5 >

### 2.8.5.1 General

Normally the OVF20 system runs well with the default values of these parameters.  
*Be careful when changing the parameters!*

### 2.8.5.2 Control < M > < 3 > < 5 > < 1 >

<b>N CTR : kp</b>	Proportional gain P - part (proportional) of PID - Reglers
<b>N CTR : Ti</b>	Integral faktor I - part (integral) of PID - Reglers
<b>N CTR : Td</b>	Differential faktor D - part (differential) of PID - Reglers
<b>SLIP LIMIT</b>	Slip limit Specifies the maximum slip to limit the motor current. Acceleration rate may be reduced.
<b>Red I1 limit in %</b>	Reduce motor current to a limit value ([%] of In)

### 2.8.5.3 U / F Specification < M > < 3 > < 5 > < 2 >

<b>Ustart</b>	Offset (at frequency = 0)
<b>Uacc</b>	Specifies the voltage at nominal frequency.
<b>Uslip</b>	Determines the voltage offset according to the measured or estimated slip.
<b>Udc</b>	DC link voltage Motor voltage is reduced when the DC link voltage exceeds this value in case of generative load. If the load compensation mode is selected, the relation Udc (measured) / Udc (parameter) is used to norm the output voltage of the inverter.

## 2.8.6 Default parameters < M > < 3 > < 6 >

For initiation of system it is possible to set default parameters.  
After adjusting of system do not use the menu „DEFAULT“, because all adjusting parameters will be lost.  
The Question „PARAMETERS LOST ?“ has to notice for this reason!

*Remark:*

*At a controller with coded interface the parameter CONTR TYPE has to be set to 2 or 4, otherwise you can not run without speed encoder!*